

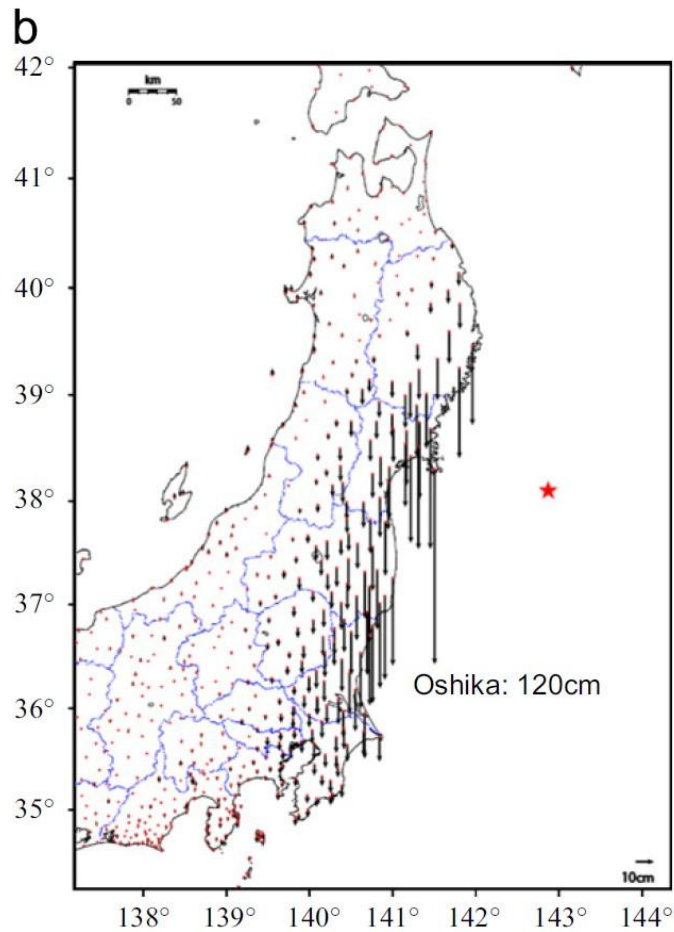
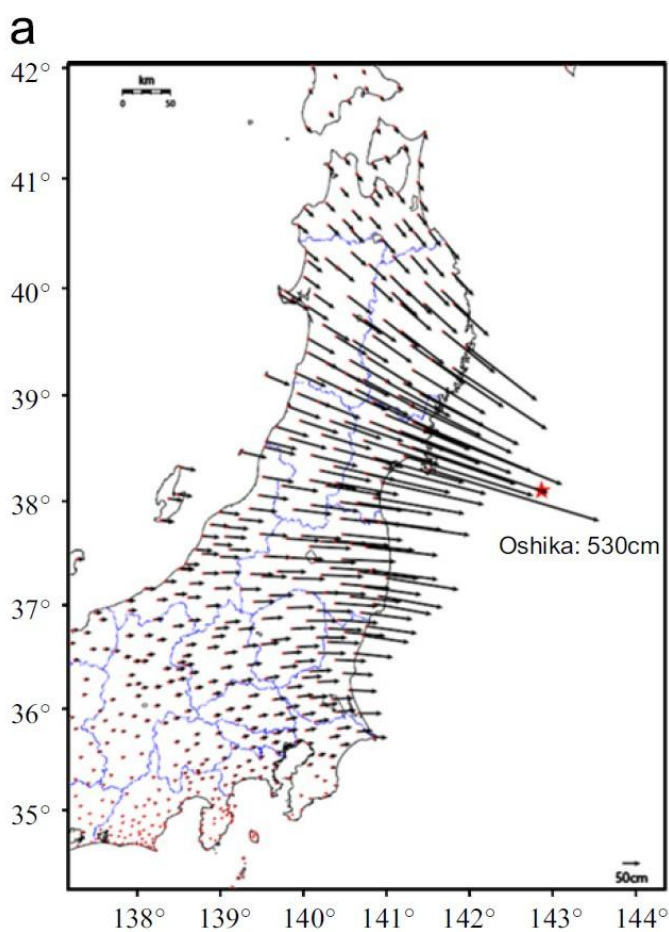
Fire Station Workshop

City of Gearhart

January 29, 2019

Sendai
Airport

An aerial photograph showing a large area of flooding. The water is murky and turbulent, with some debris visible. In the background, there are buildings and a road. A bridge crosses a river or canal. The text 'Sendai Airport' is overlaid in yellow on the right side of the image.



QUAKES STRIKES WITHOUT WARNING. LAND LURCHES SEAWARD AND DROPS

Shaking damages older buildings





*Unreinforced masonry
structures collapse*

Landslides block roads



Landslides block roads



Liquefaction and
Lateral spreading



Poorly Designed bridges Damaged by Shaking



Well-design





Settlement of Bridge Approach



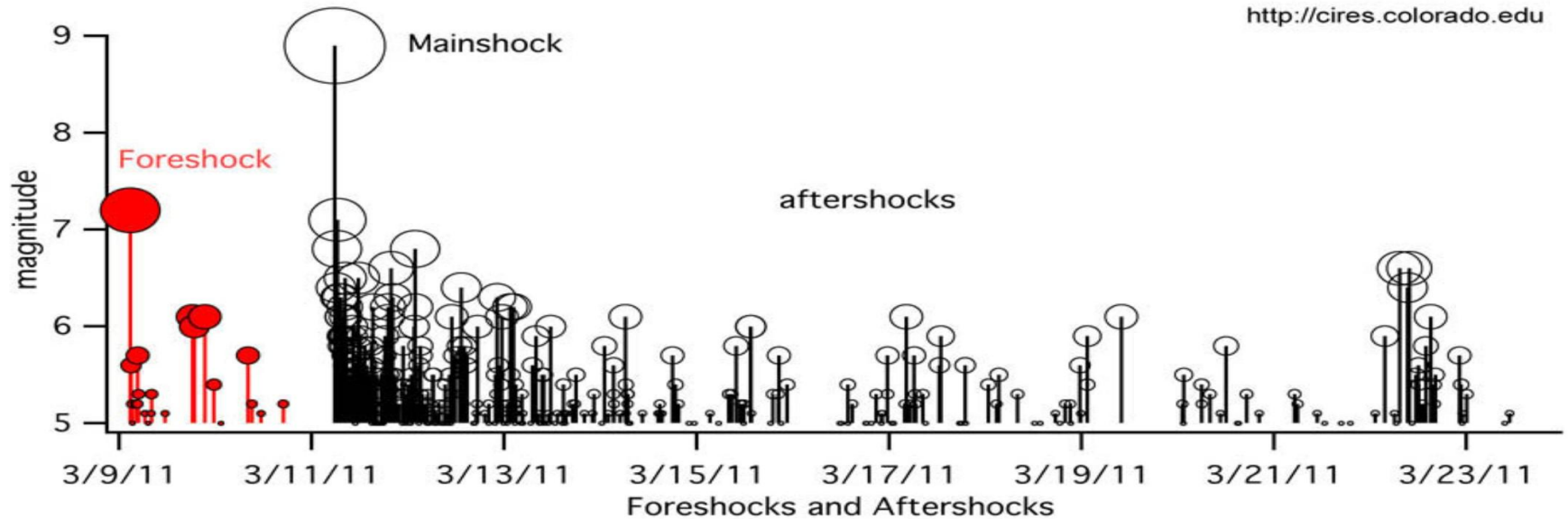
Road Damage

FIRE

San Francisco 1906



After Shocks



TSUNAMI

Tsunami Wave Height versus Time

WATER OVER PROM:
35 MIN.

1ST CREST PEAKS:
40-45 MIN.

Broadway
Bridge

Beach

Prom elev. 20'

Bridge elev. 15'

Normal Tides

Evacuation Opportunity is best
0 to 25 minutes after end of shaking.

+7 MTL

-6 MTL

Water Elevation (ft, MTL)

Time (minutes)

Assumes +4 ft MTL High Tide

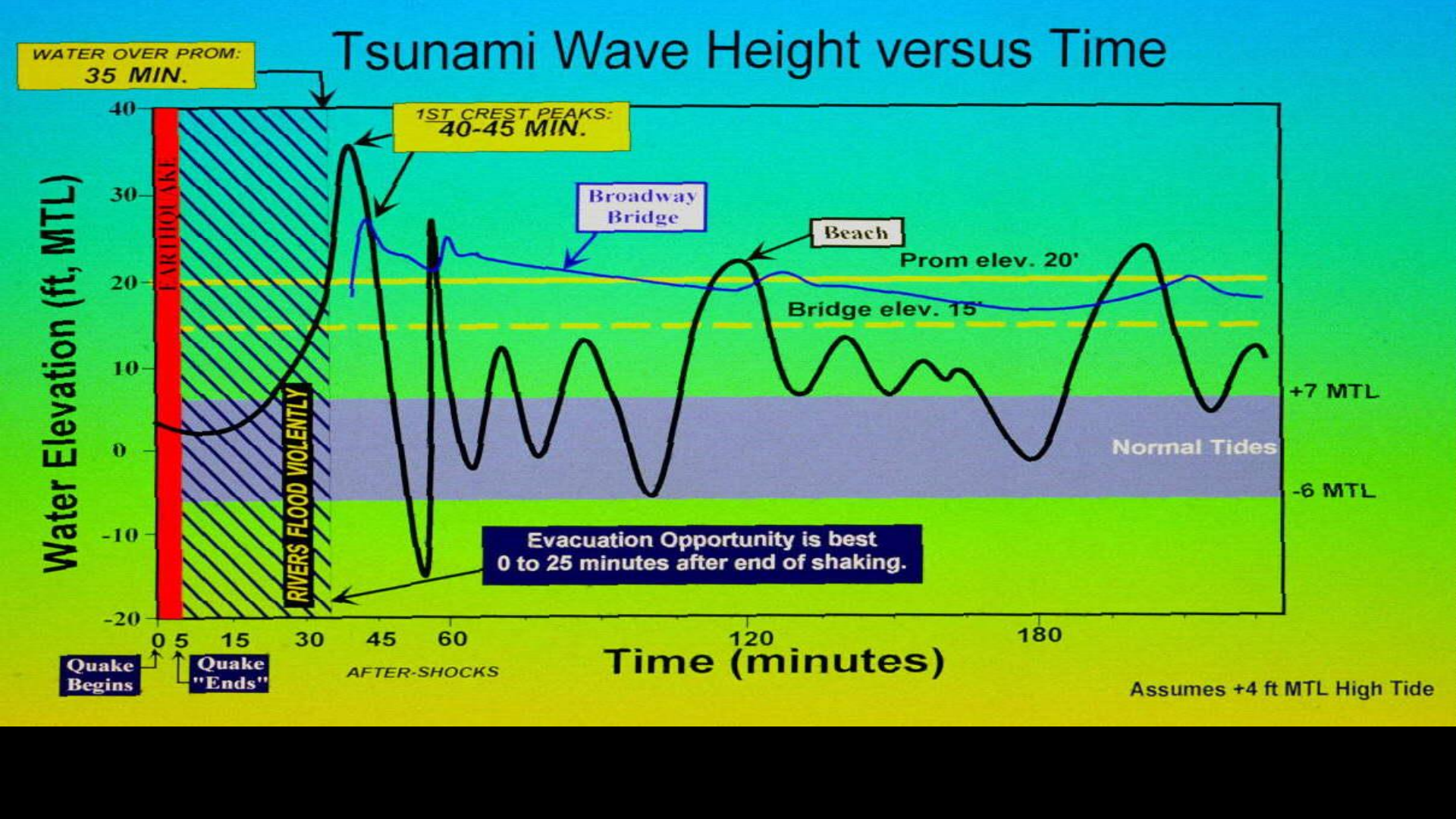
Quake
Begins

Quake
"Ends"

AFTER-SHOCKS

EARTHQUAKE

RIVERS FLOOD VIOLENTLY



20 minutes after the onset
of shaking, tsunami hits shore



Sendai
Airport









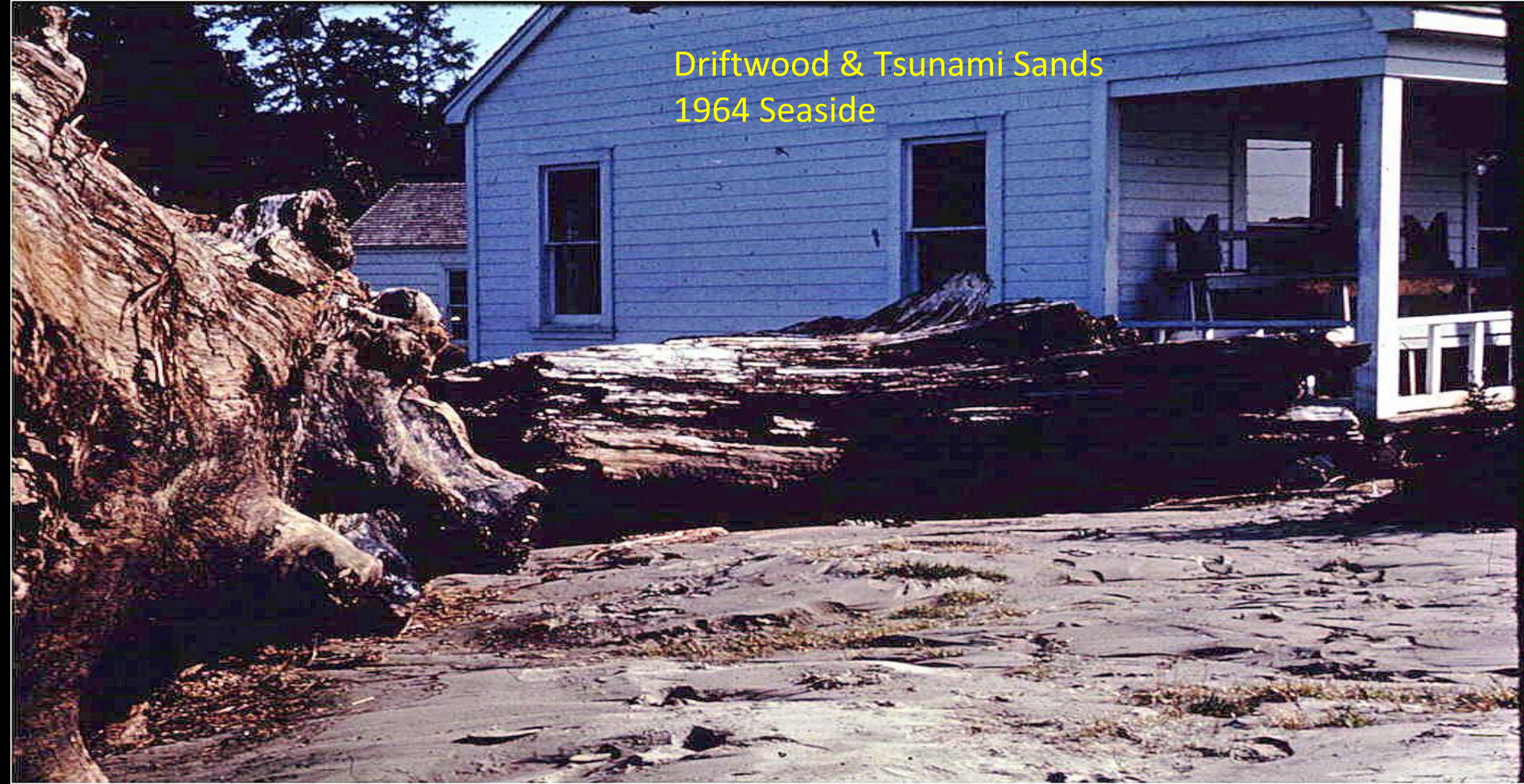


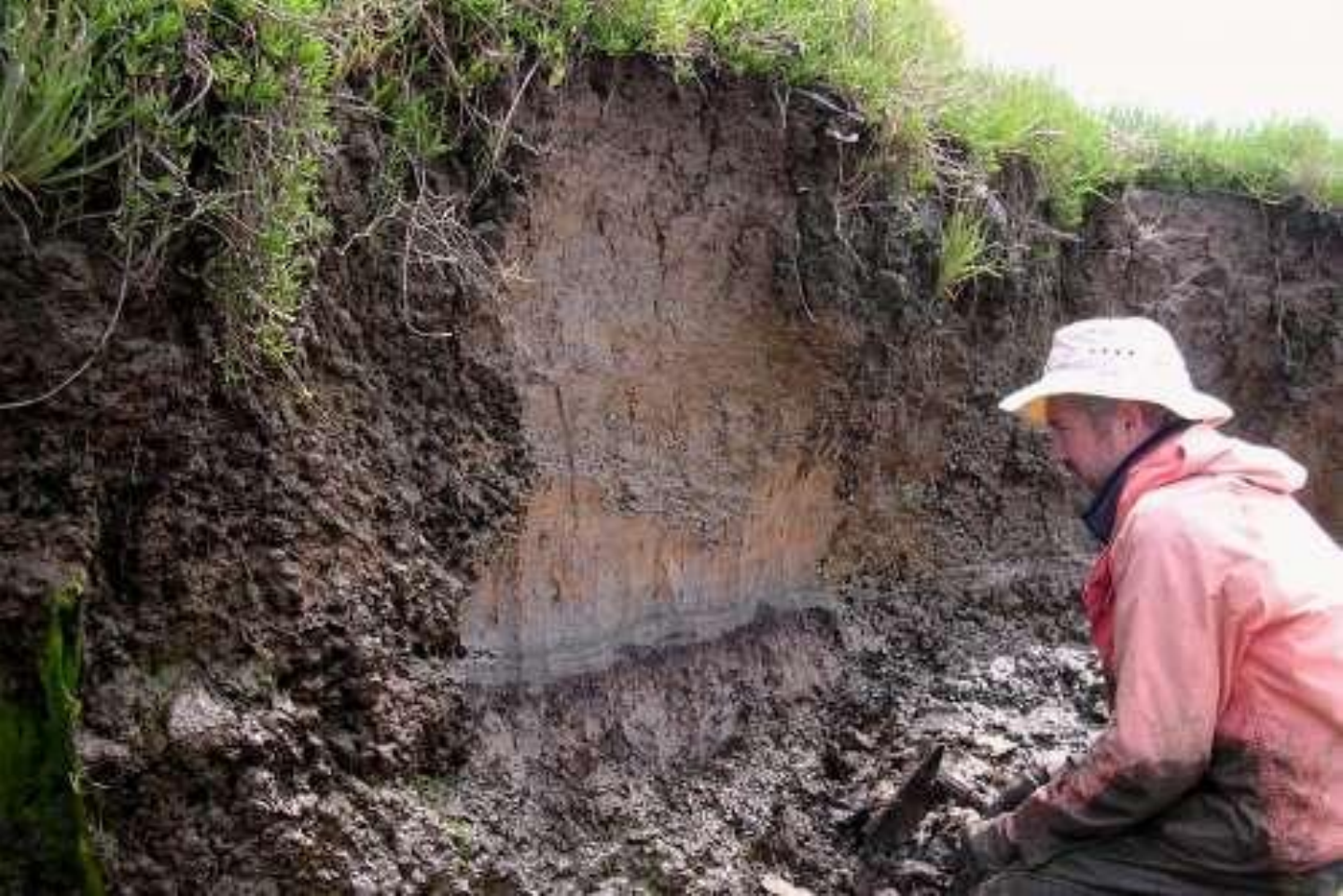






Driftwood & Tsunami Sands
1964 Seaside





Drowned marshes
Tsunami Sands







Coseismic
1 to 6 ft



Shor
500



The Oregon Resilience Plan

**Reducing Risk and Improving Recovery
for the Next Cascadia Earthquake and Tsunami**

Report to the
77th Legislative Assembly

from
Oregon Seismic Safety Policy
Advisory Commission (OSSPAC)

2013



Critical Service	Zone	Estimated Time to Restore Service
Electricity	Valley	1 to 3 months
Electricity	Coast	3 to 6 months
Police and fire stations	Valley	2 to 4 months
Drinking water and sewer	Valley	1 month to 1 year
Drinking water and sewer	Coast	1 to 3 years
Top-priority highways (partial restoration)	Valley	6 to 12 months
Healthcare facilities	Valley	18 months
Healthcare facilities	Coast	3 years



George Priest
DOGAMI



Curt Peterson
PSU

Brian Atwater
USGS



Ken Cruikshank
PSU

Harry Jol
UW Aue Claire



PSU Students



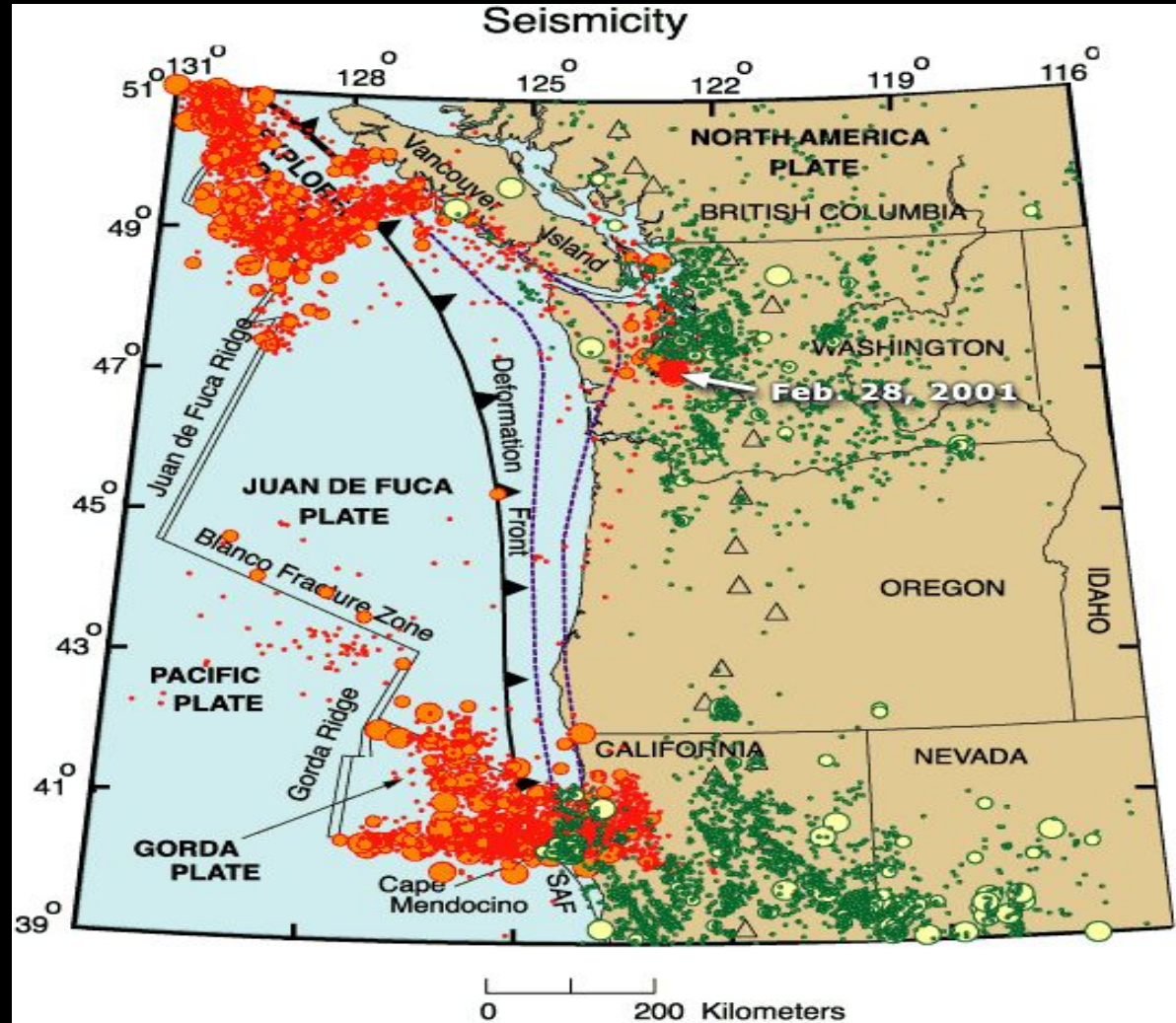
Chris Goldfinger
OSU

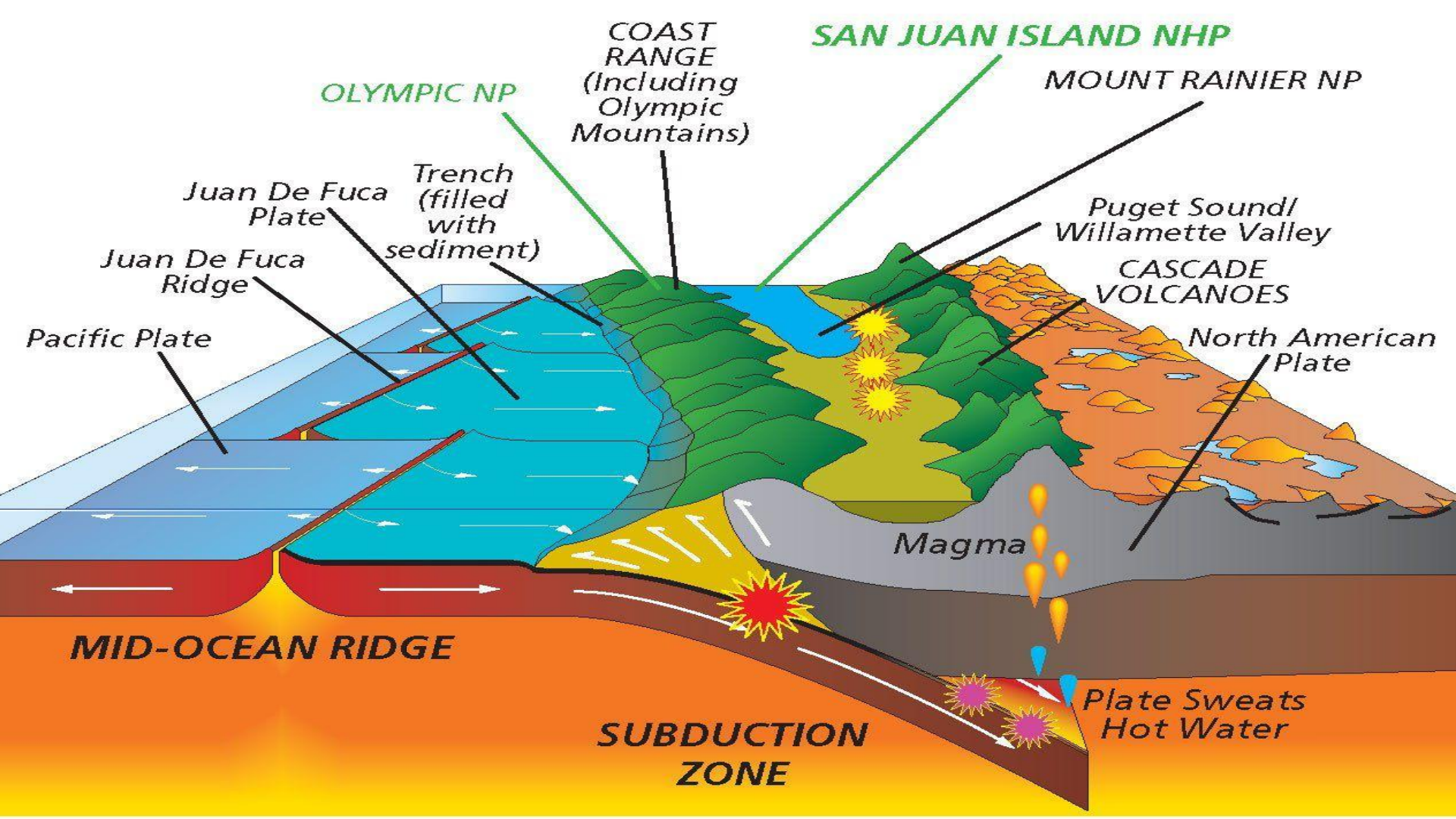


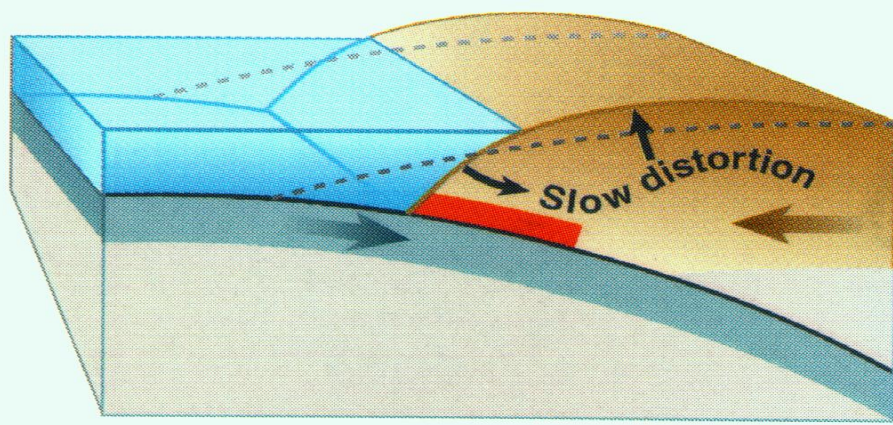
Goldfinger

EARTHQUAKE & TSUNAMI BACKGROUND

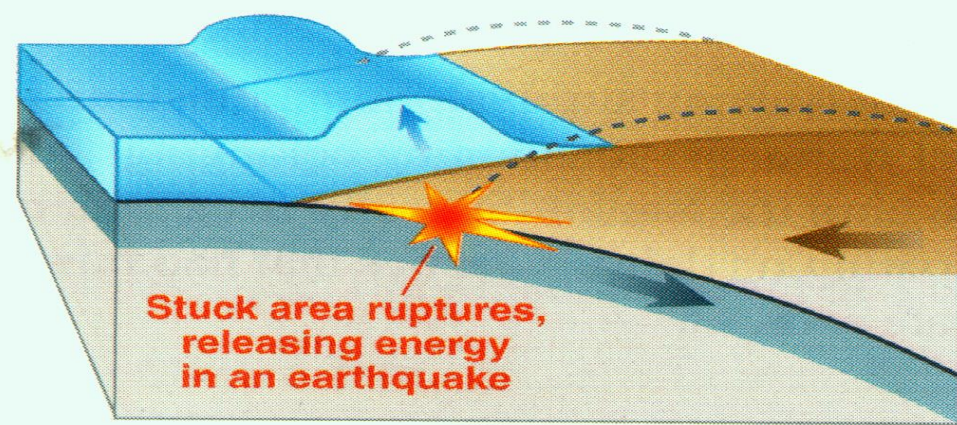
Earthquakes in the Pacific Northwest



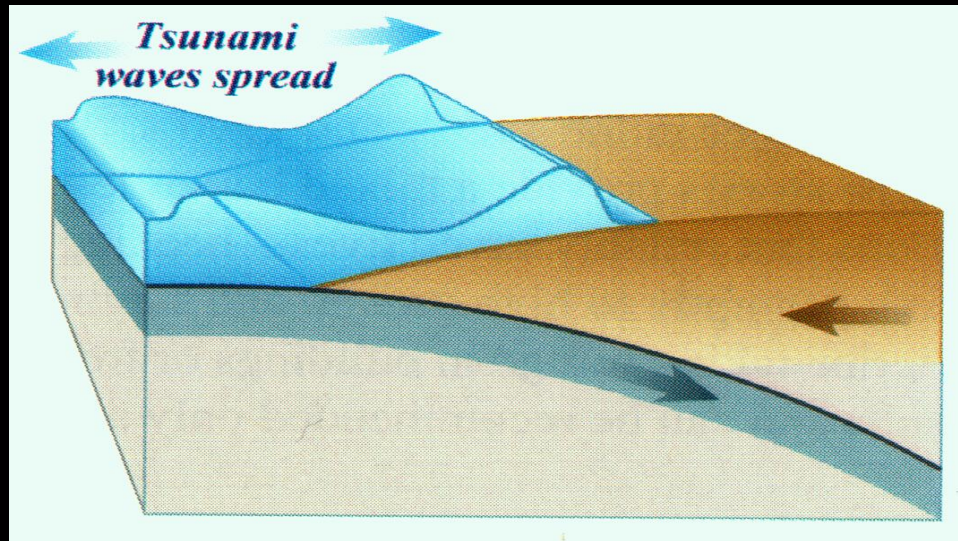




A. Between Earthquakes

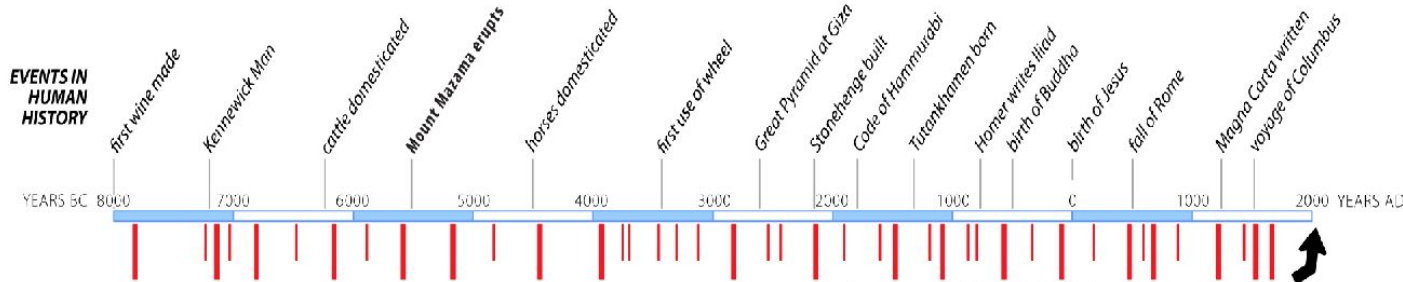


B. During an Earthquake



WHEN WILL THE NEXT QUAKE STRIKE?

A 10,000 YEAR TIMELINE OF GREAT CASCADIA EARTHQUAKES IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST



Earthquake of Magnitude 9+ (fault breaks along entire subduction zone)

Earthquake of Magnitude 8+ (fault breaks along southern half of subduction zone)

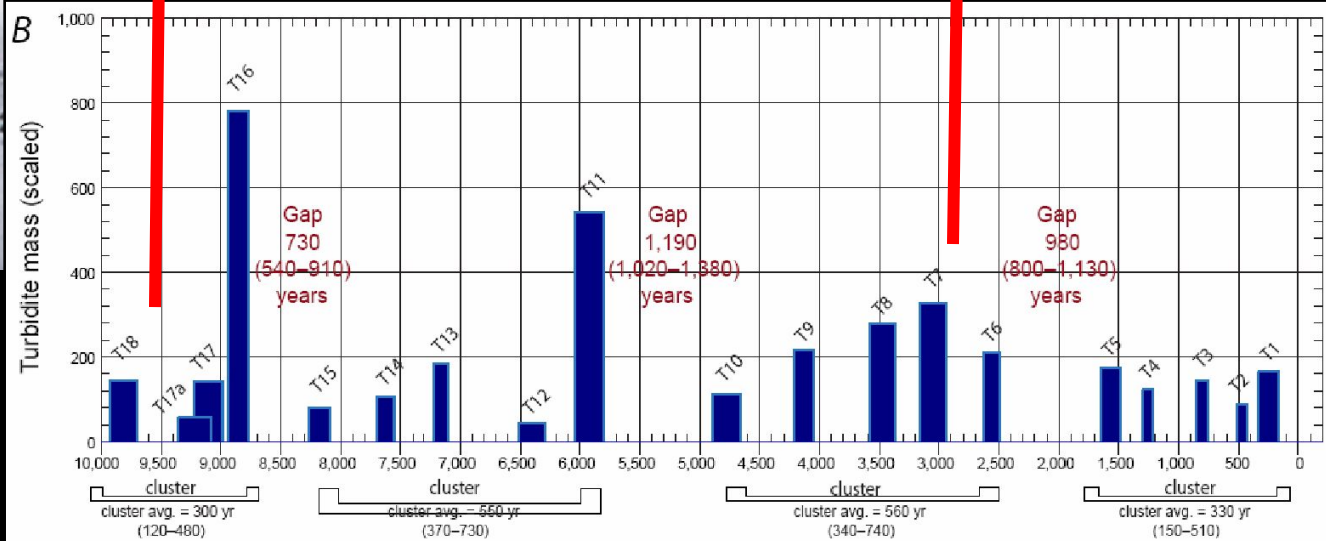
There have been 8 magnitude 8+ earthquakes in the last 1,500 years, with 5 of these great earthquakes being as large or larger than magnitude 9.0.

Similar in size, the magnitude 8.8 earthquake that struck Chile in February, 2010 shook for 90 seconds and displaced 1.5 million people. The magnitude 9.0 earthquake that shook Sumatra and the Indian Ocean area in December, 2004 spawned a tsunami that killed over 250,000 people.

YOU ARE HERE!

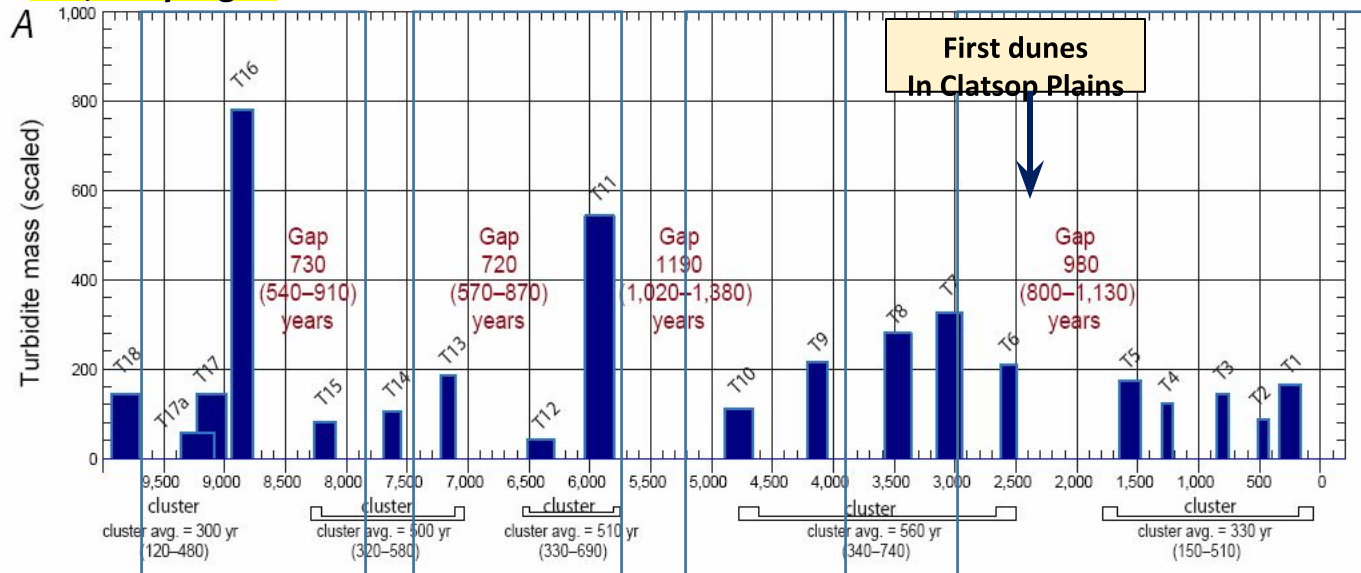


THE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY AND MINERAL INDUSTRIES



10,000 yr ago

present

300 yr
mean500 yr
mean510 yr
mean560 yr
mean330 yr
mean

Odds 80 percent we are in a cluster.

Odds 40:60 to 80:20 the mean cluster recurrence is 300-330 yr.

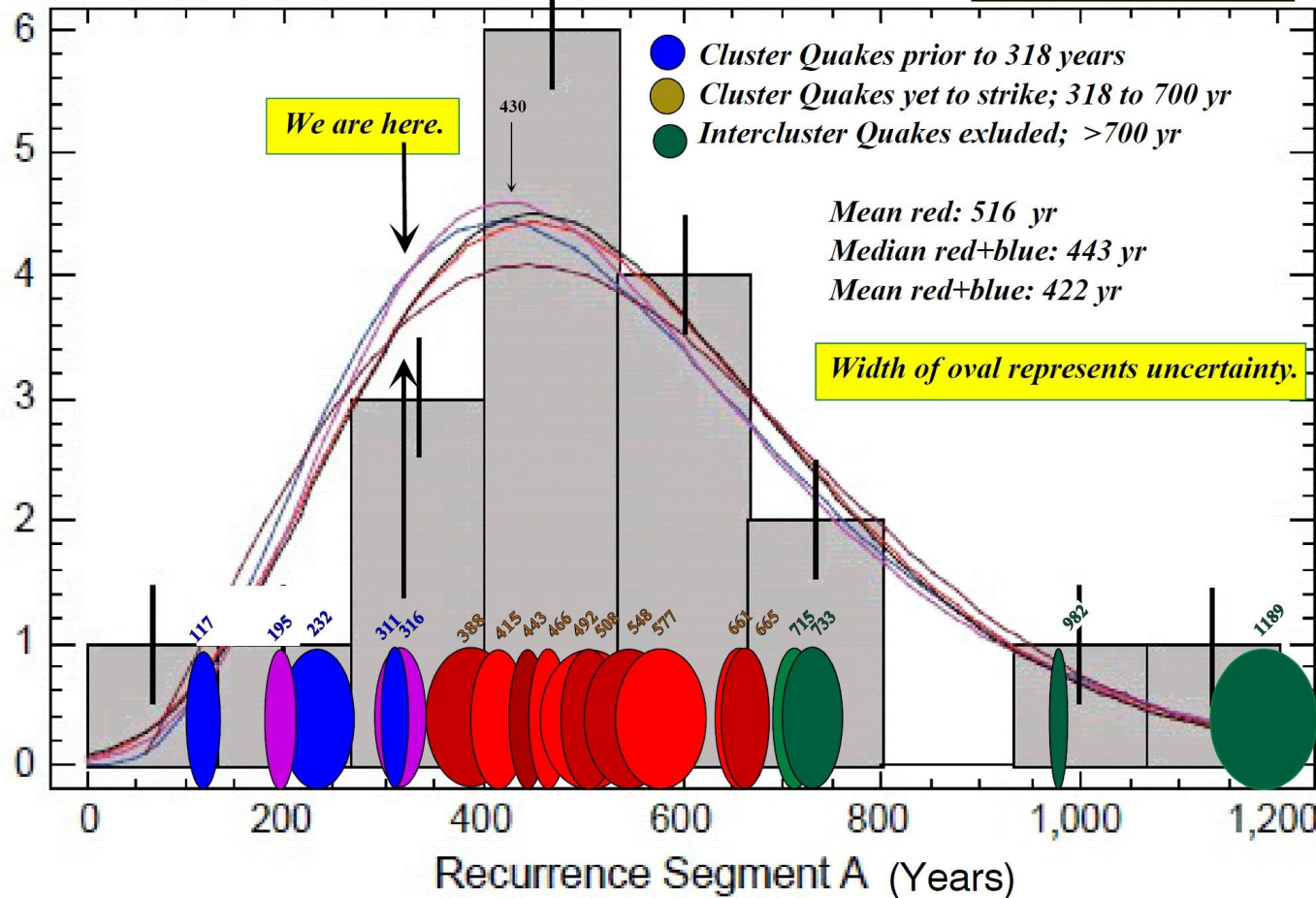
We are here

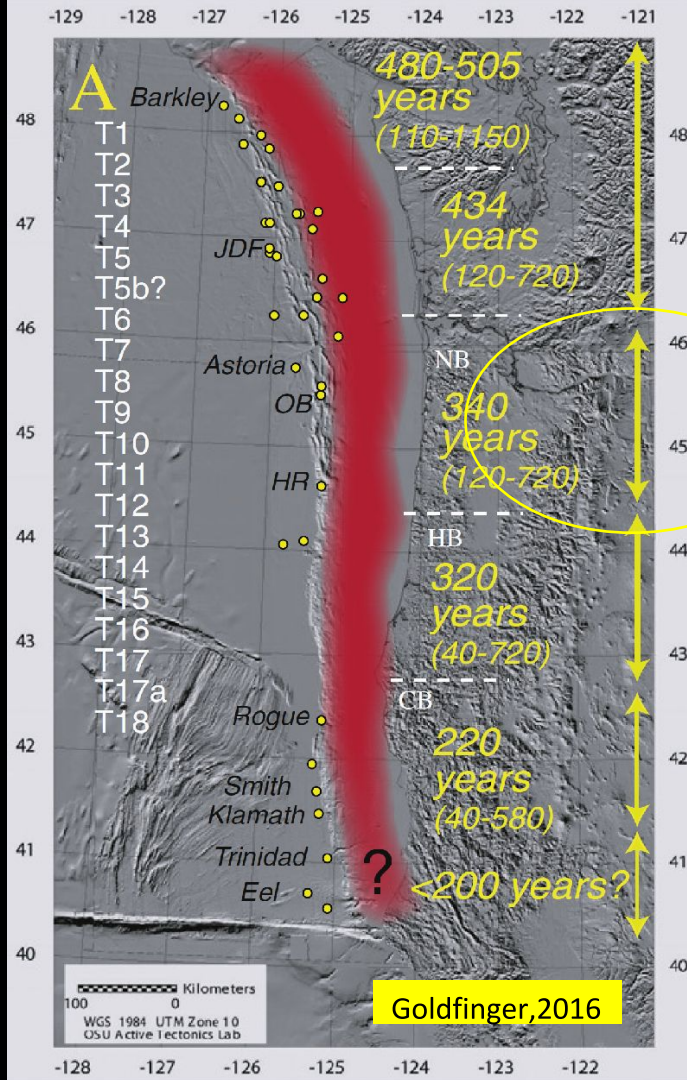
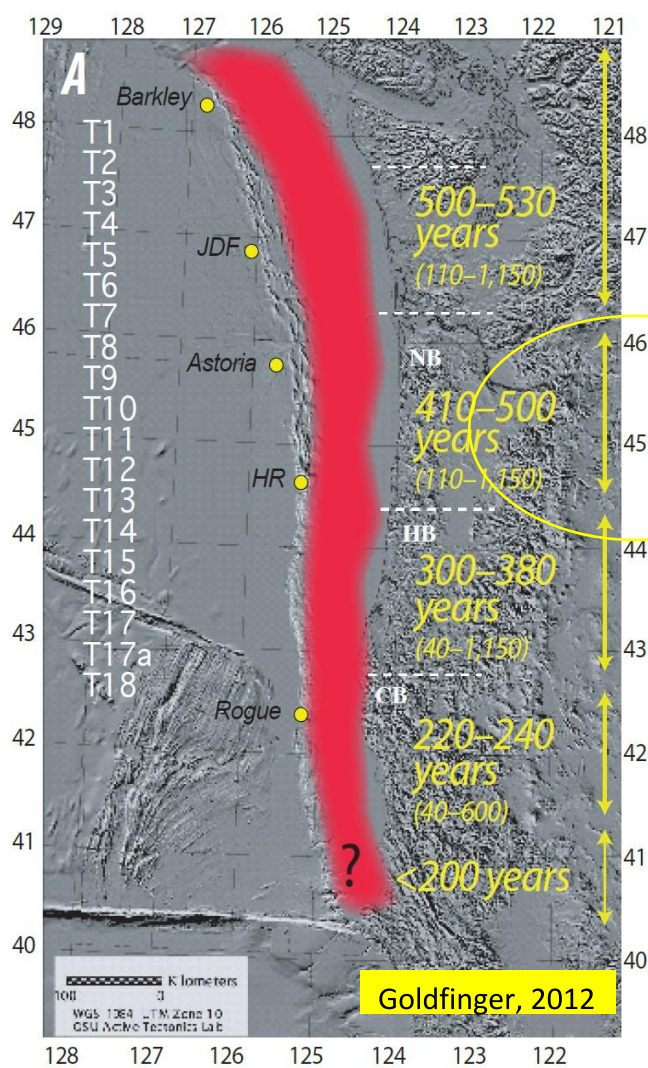
Histogram for Recurrence Segment A

Modified after Goldfinger (2012)

Full Length Subduction Zone

Frequency





QUAKES APPEAR TO OCCUR IN CLUSTERS

THE PRESENT CLUSTER HAS QUAKES 330 YEARS, ON AVERAGE

IT HAS BEEN 319 YEARS SINCE THE LAST QUAKE & TSUNAMI

ARE THE NEXT QUAKE AND TSUNAMI IMMINENT?

Can you afford to be wrong?

HOW HIGH WILL THE TSUNAMI FLOOD?

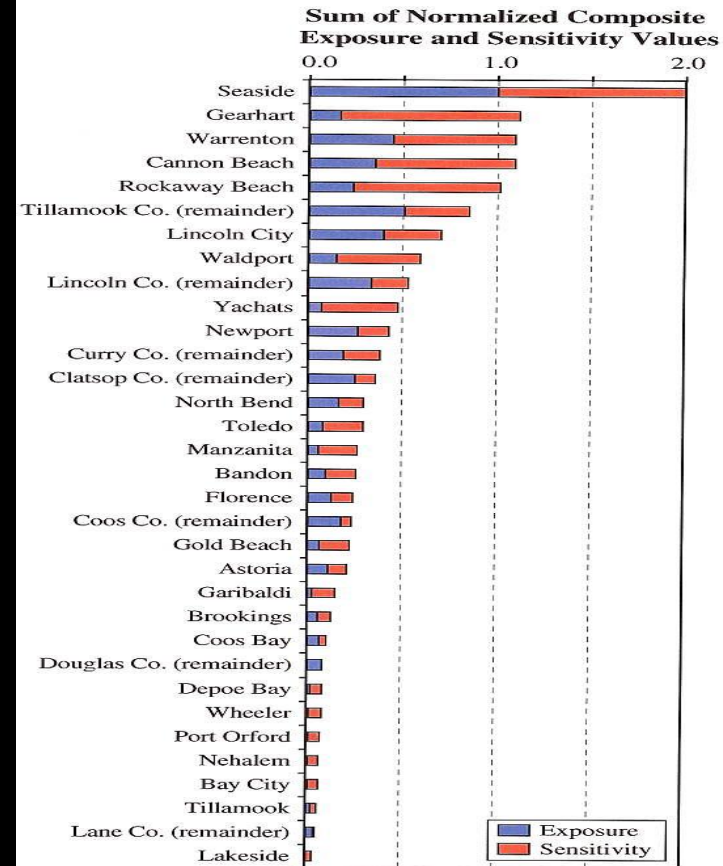
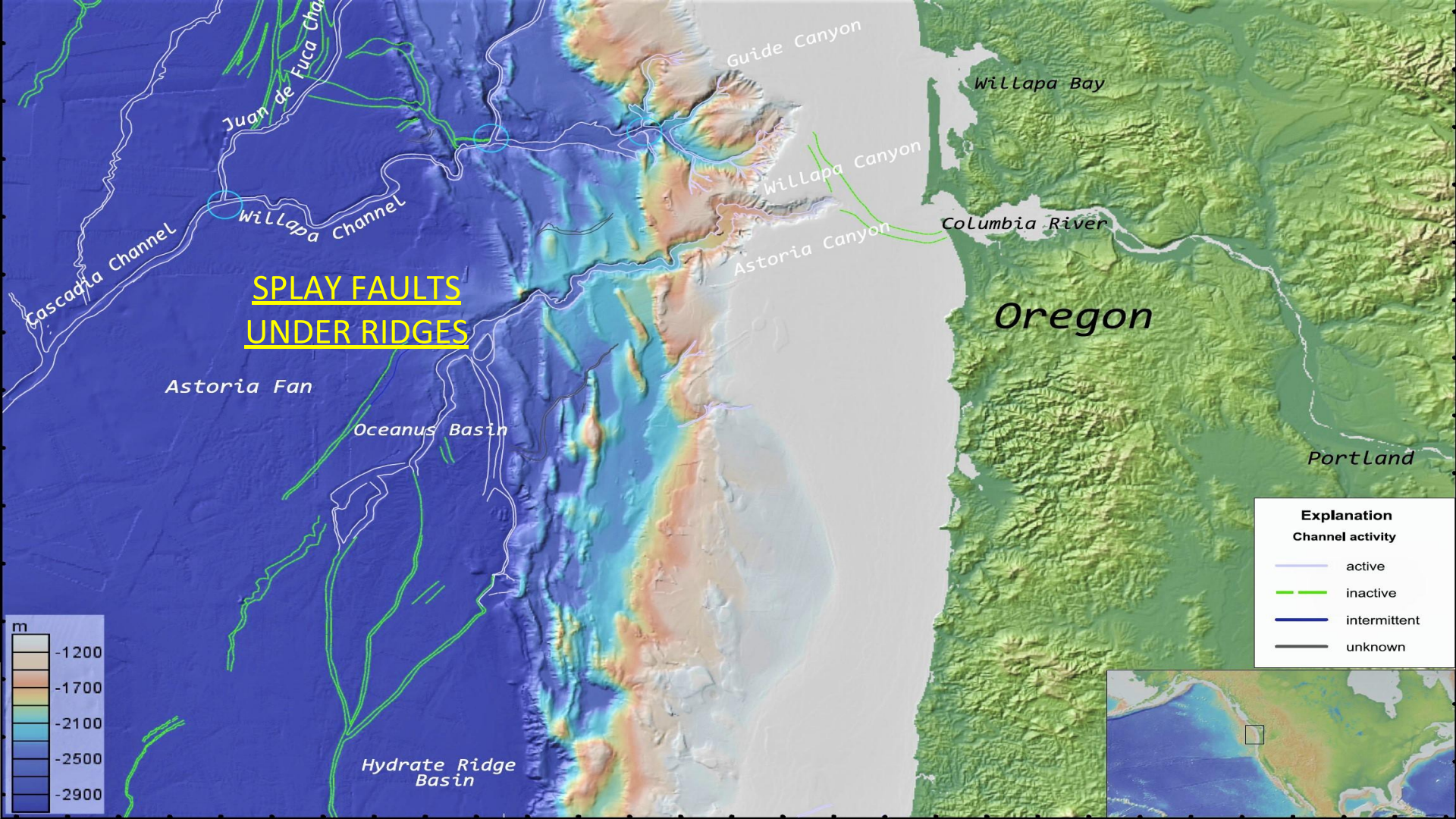
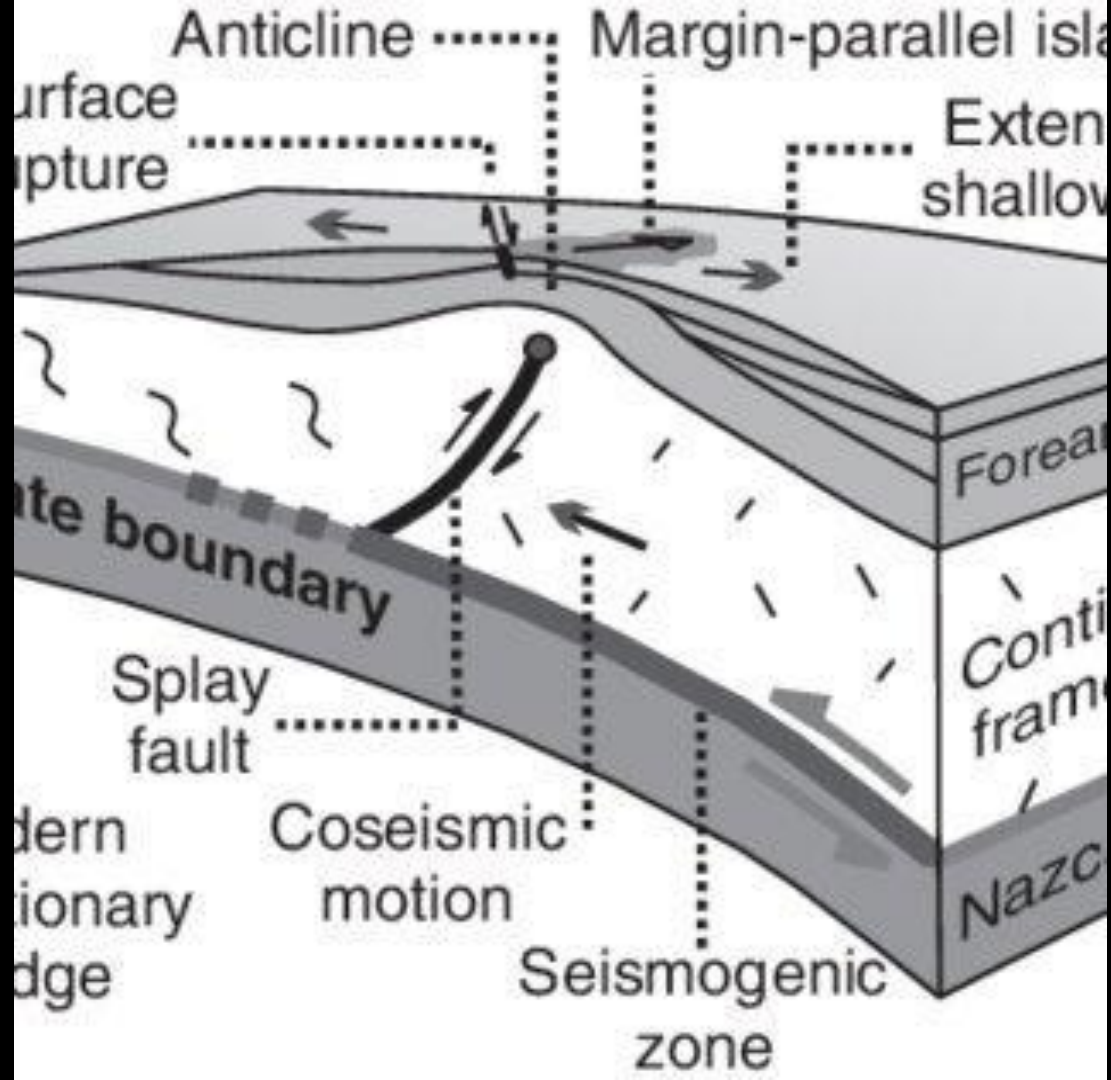


Figure 22. Sum of normalized exposure and sensitivity indices for incorporated cities in the Oregon tsunami-inundation zone.

**Variations in City Exposure and Sensitivity
to Tsunami Hazards in Oregon**

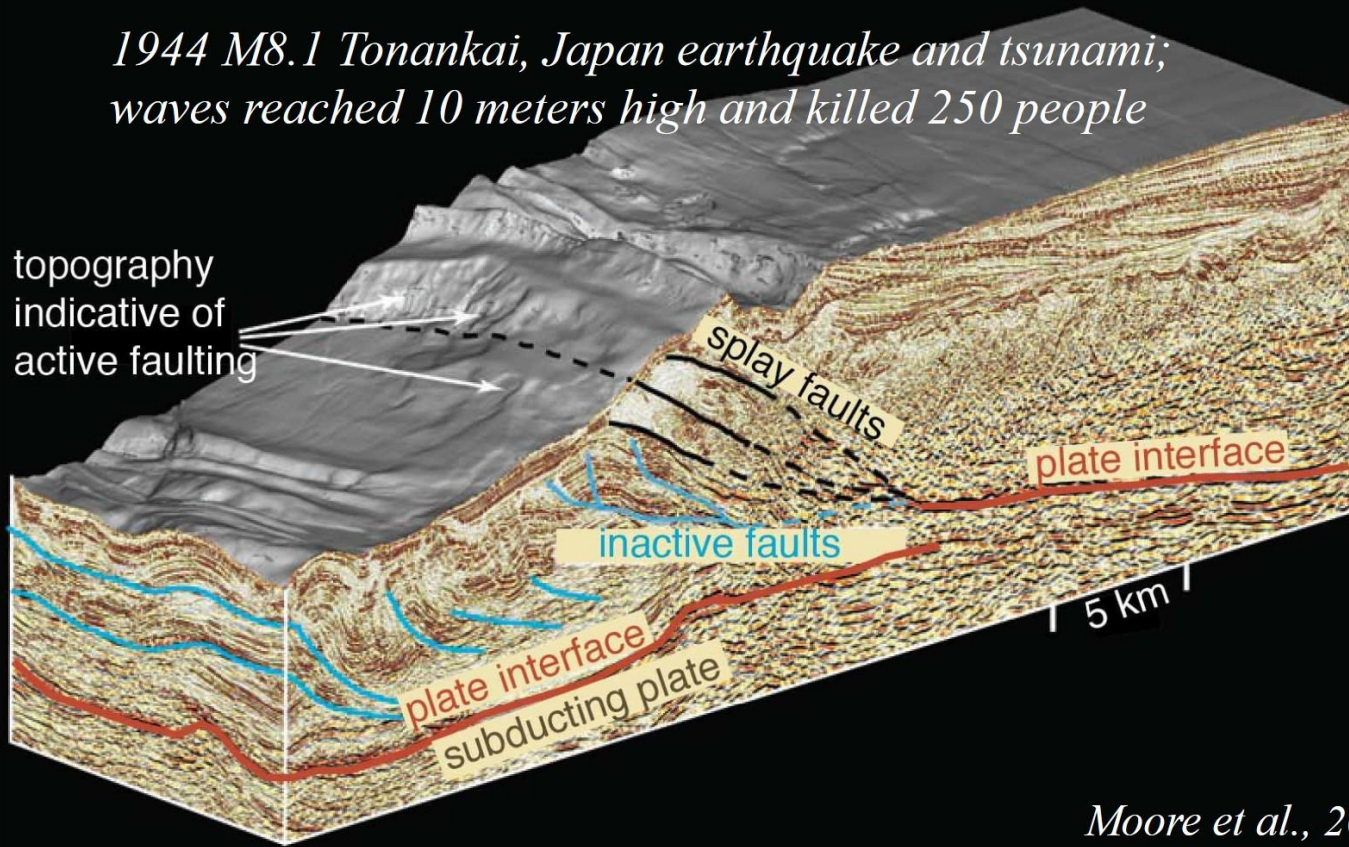
**USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2007-52-83
Nathan Wood (2007)**





*1944 M8.1 Tonankai, Japan earthquake and tsunami;
waves reached 10 meters high and killed 250 people*

topography
indicative of
active faulting



Moore et al., 2007

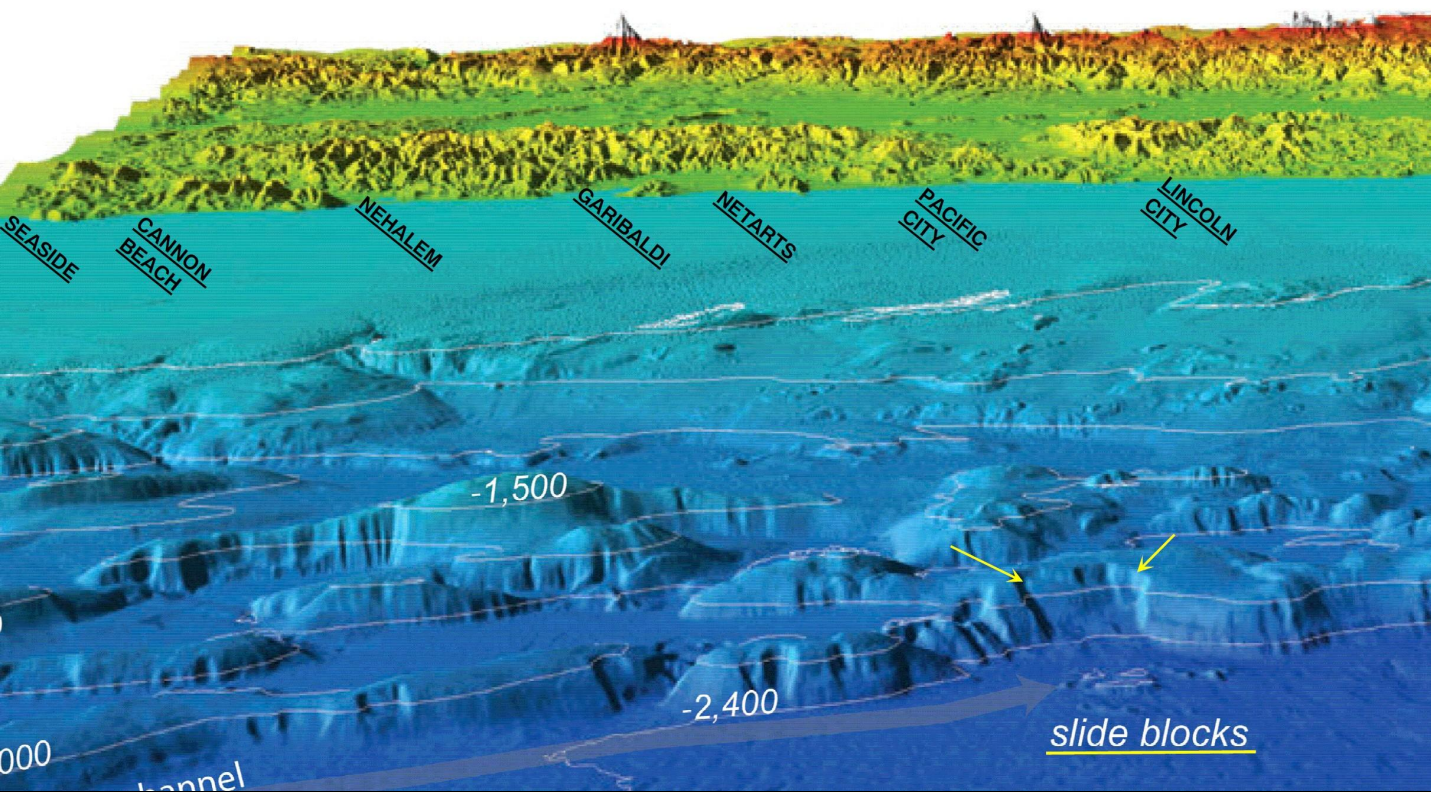




Table 3. Cascadia earthquake source parameters used to define 15 rupture scenarios. Logic tree branch weights shown in parentheses. Total scenario weight listed in right column.

Earthquake Size	Interevent Time (yrs)	Fault Geometry	Slip Range (m)		M _w	Scenario Name	Total Weight
			Maximum	Average			
Extra Extra Large (0.025)	1,200	Splay fault (0.8)	36–44	18–22	~9.1	XXL 1	0.02
		Shallow buried rupture (0.1)	36–44	18–22	~9.2	XXL 2	0.0025
		Deep buried rupture (0.1)	36–44	18–22	~9.1	XXL 3	0.0025
Extra Large (0.025)	1,050–1,200	Splay fault (0.8)	35–44	17–22	~9.1	XL 1	0.02
		Shallow buried rupture (0.1)	35–44	17–22	~9.2	XL 2	0.0025
		Deep buried rupture (0.1)	35–44	17–22	~9.1	XL 3	0.0025
Large (0.16)	650–800	Splay fault (0.8)	22–30	11–15	~9.0	L 1	0.128
		Shallow buried rupture (0.1)	22–30	11–15	~9.1	L 2	0.016
		Deep buried rupture (0.1)	22–30	11–15	~9.0	L 3	0.016
Medium (0.53)	425–525	Splay fault (0.6)	14–19	7–9	~8.9	M 1	0.318*
		Shallow buried rupture (0.2)	14–19	7–9	~9.0	M 2	0.106
		Deep buried rupture (0.2)	14–19	7–9	~8.9	M 3	0.106
Small (0.26)	275–300	Splay fault (0.4)	9–11	4–5	~8.7	SM 1	0.104
		Shallow buried rupture (0.3)	9–11	4–5	~8.8	SM 2	0.078
		Deep buried rupture (0.3)	9–11	4–5	~8.7	SM 3	0.078

*Scenario M1 carries the highest weight and represents the “most likely” event in our analysis.

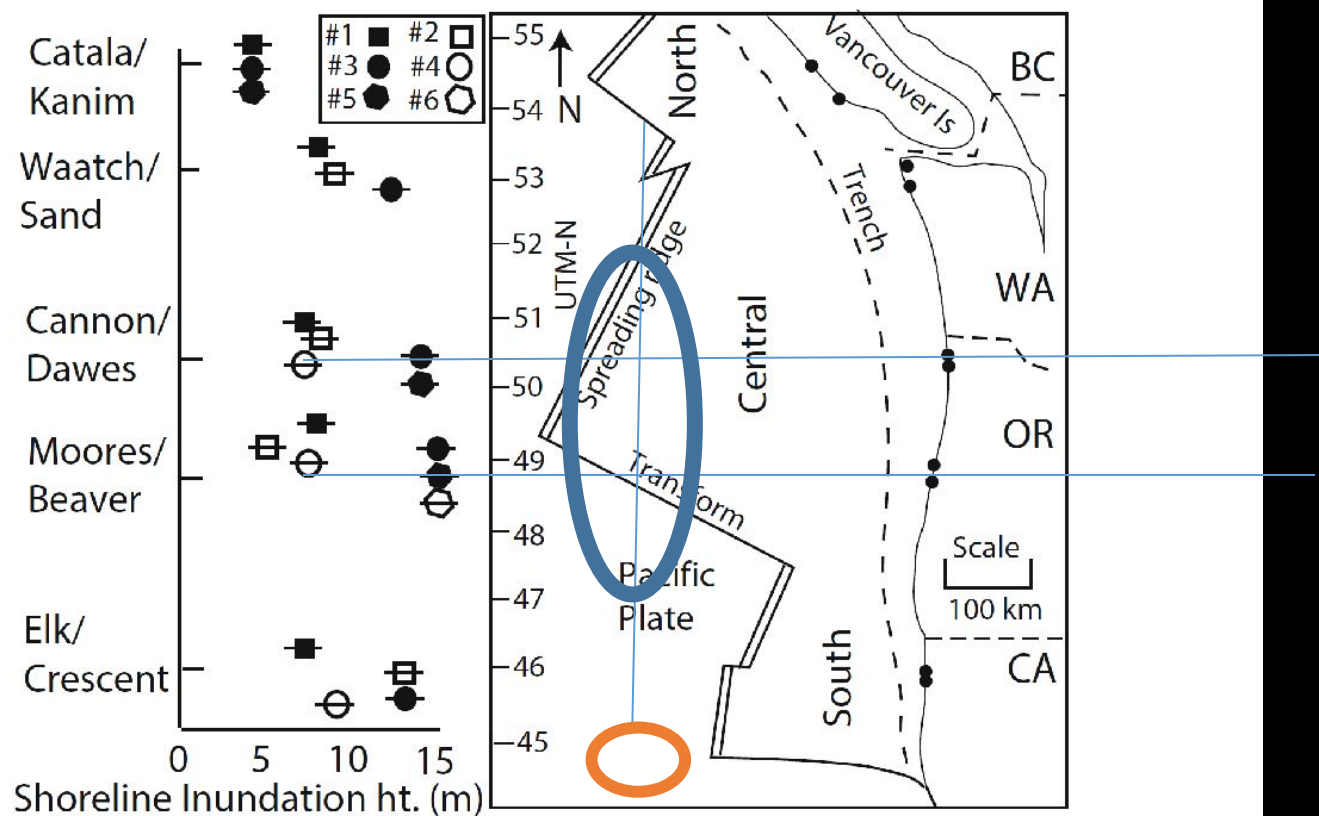
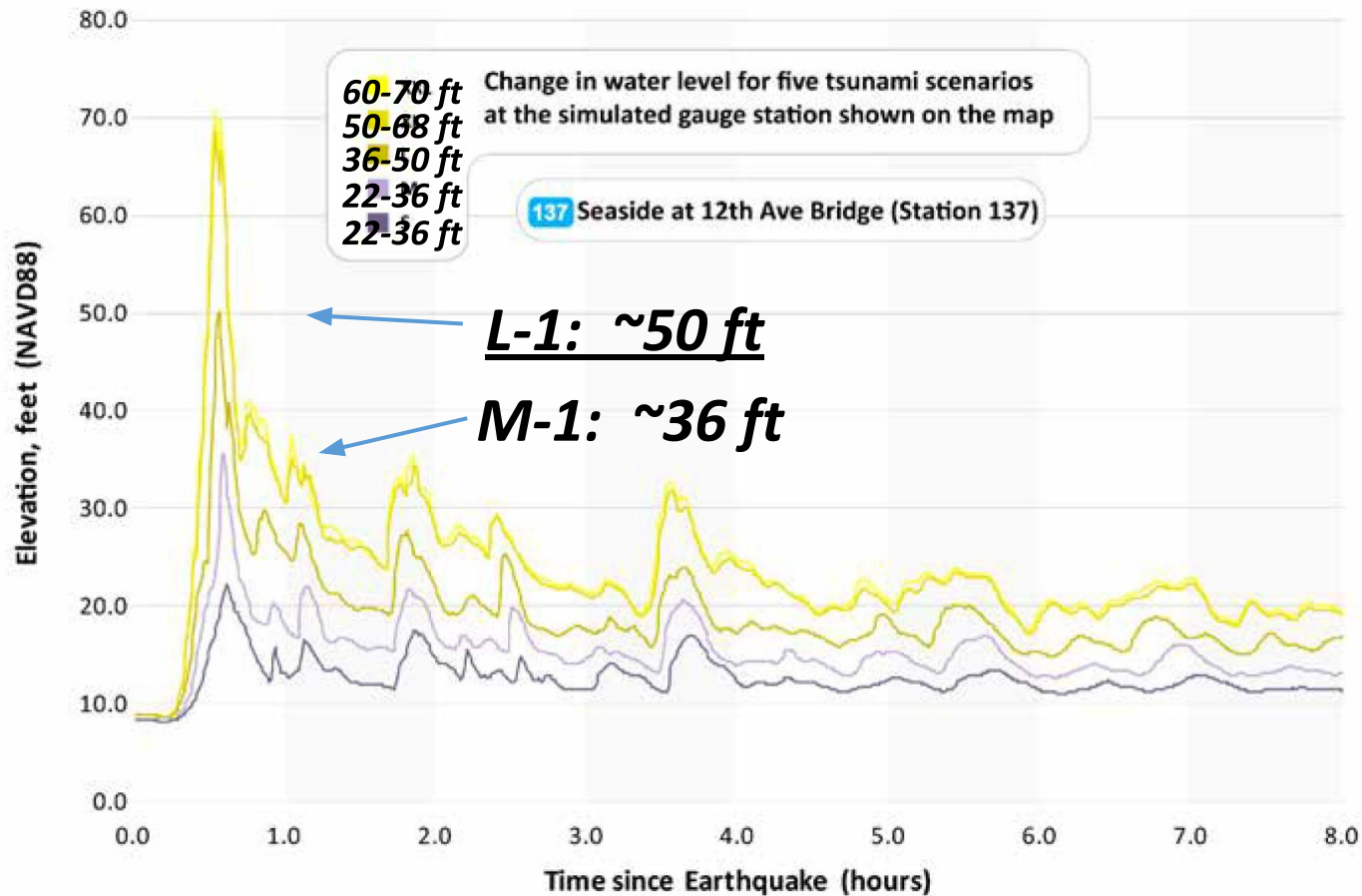


Fig. 6 Estimated shoreline inundation heights (± 2 m NAVD88) for major nearfield paleotsunamis along the Cascadia margin over the past 3000 years. Ages of Cascadia rupture events and associated nearfield paleotsunamis are as follows: #1–0.3 ka; #2–1.1 ka; #3–1.3 ka; #4–1.7 ka; #5–2.6 ka; #6–2.8 ka (Tables 1, 2)

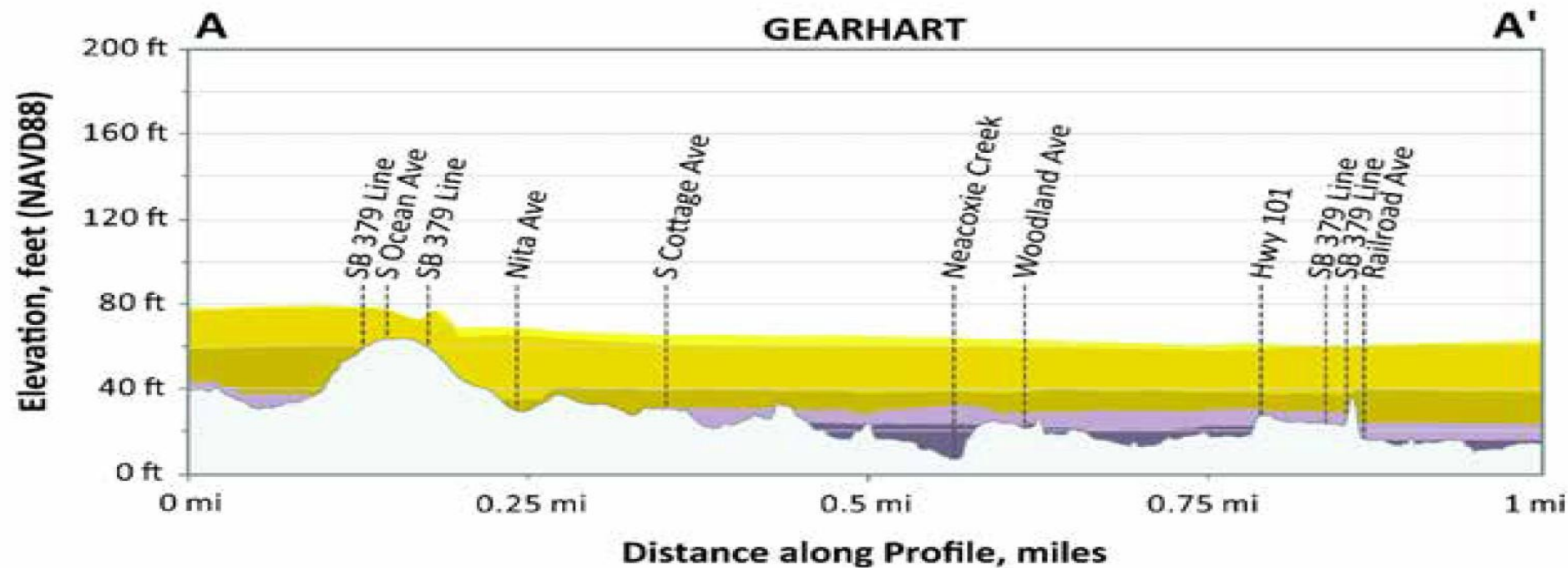
THE MOST LIKELY TSUNAMI HEIGHT
IS 50 TO 55 FT

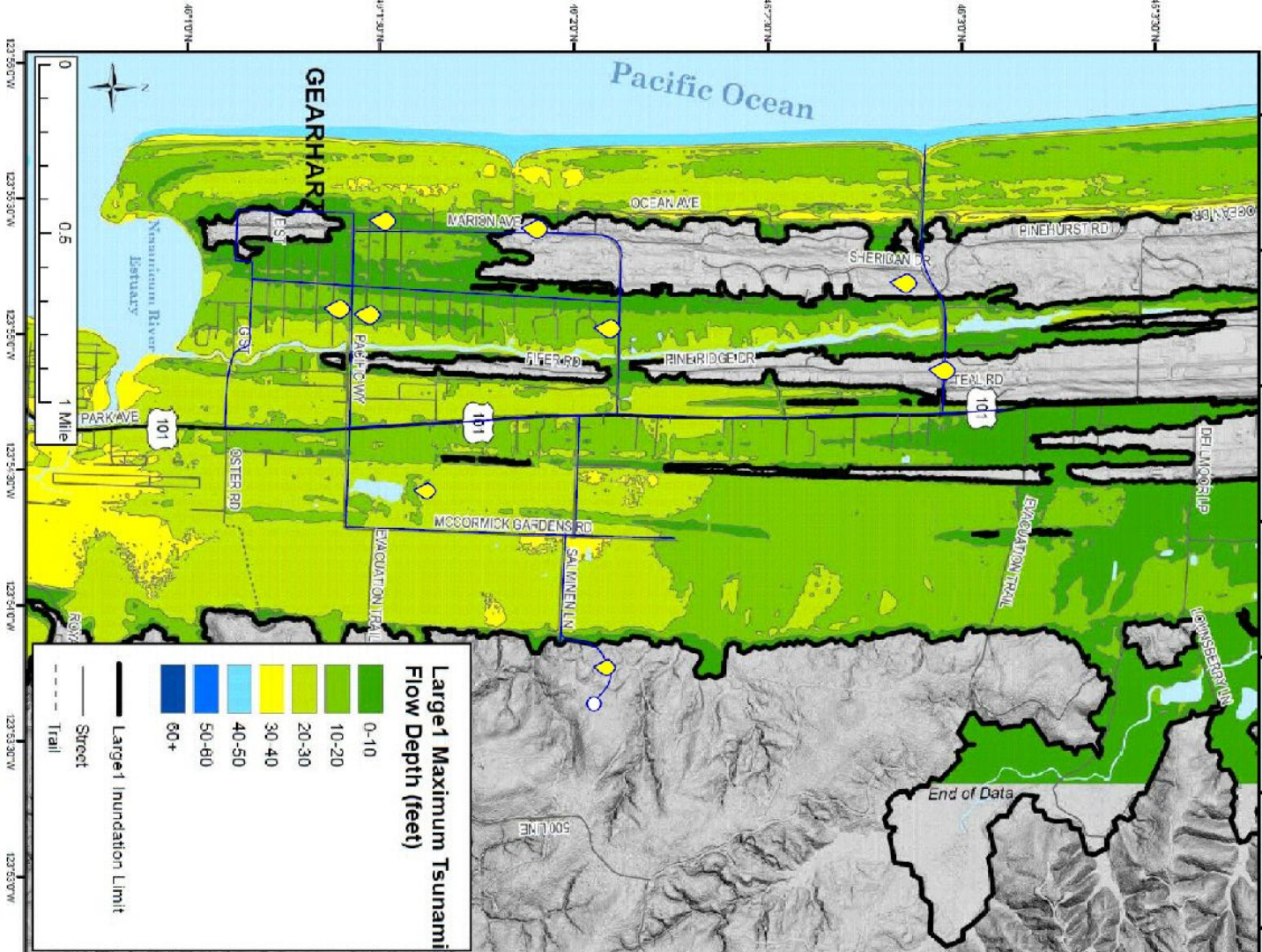
THE L-1 SCENARIO

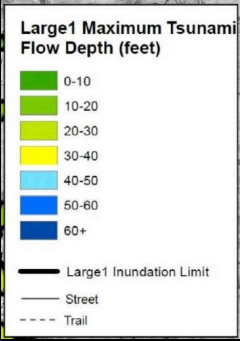
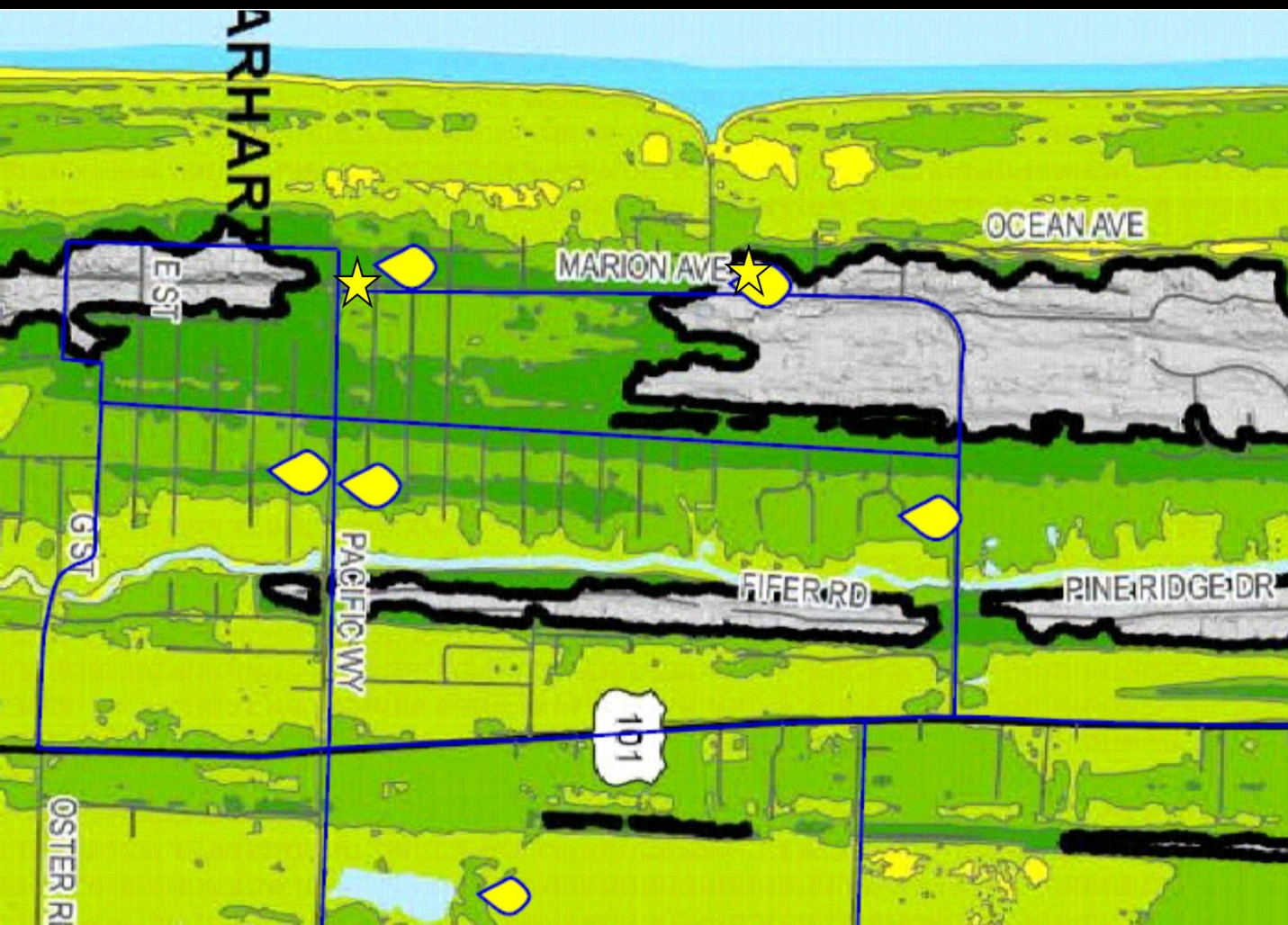
Estimated Tsunami Wave Height through Time for Simulated Gauge Station













Maximum Wave Elevation Profiles







Buildings within Tsunami Inundation Zones

		Entire Map Area	City of Gearhart	City of Seaside	Unincorporated Areas
Total Buildings		6,620	1,729	4,611	280
Buildings within Tsunami Zones*					
	Small	 3,885	310	3,573	2
	Medium	 5,006	832	4,127	47
	Large	 5,759	1,406	4,225	128
	Extra Large	 6,227	1,729	4,343	155
	Extra Extra Large	 6,287	1,729	4,350	208
Percent of Buildings within Tsunami Zones					
	Small	 58.7%	17.9%	77.5%	0.7%
	Medium	 75.6%	48.1%	89.5%	16.8%
	Large	 87.0%	81.3%	91.6%	45.7%
	Extra Large	 94.1%	100.0%	94.2%	55.4%
	Extra Extra Large	 95.0%	100.0%	94.3%	74.3%

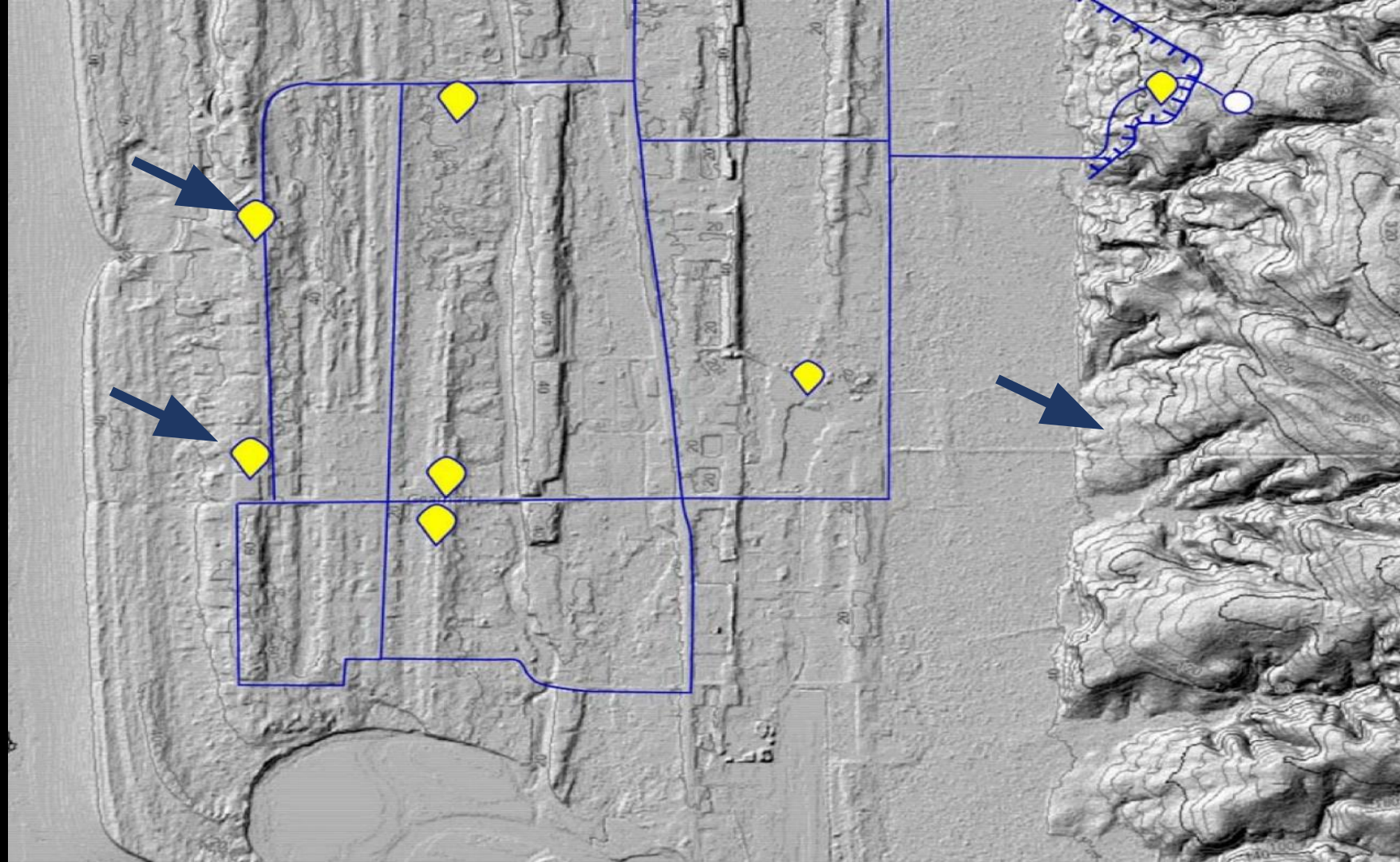
*Building counts shown are based on polygon centroids and are cumulative within the map area.





LOCATION	Gearhart Park	Current Site	Trails End	Palmberg	Meadow Ct	Gearhart By The Sea	Highlands Lane	Fraser Property	Somewhere in the Hills*
Settlement/Fill	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1
Liquefaction	0	1	1	3	2	0	0	0	0
Shaking Ampl.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Tsunami	2	3	3	4	3	0	0	0	0
Coseismic Flood	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
Landslide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	5	8	7	13	10	4	3	3	3

Low totals are better than higher. *Water tank site, inside the fencing; other, better, sites may be available on same ground.



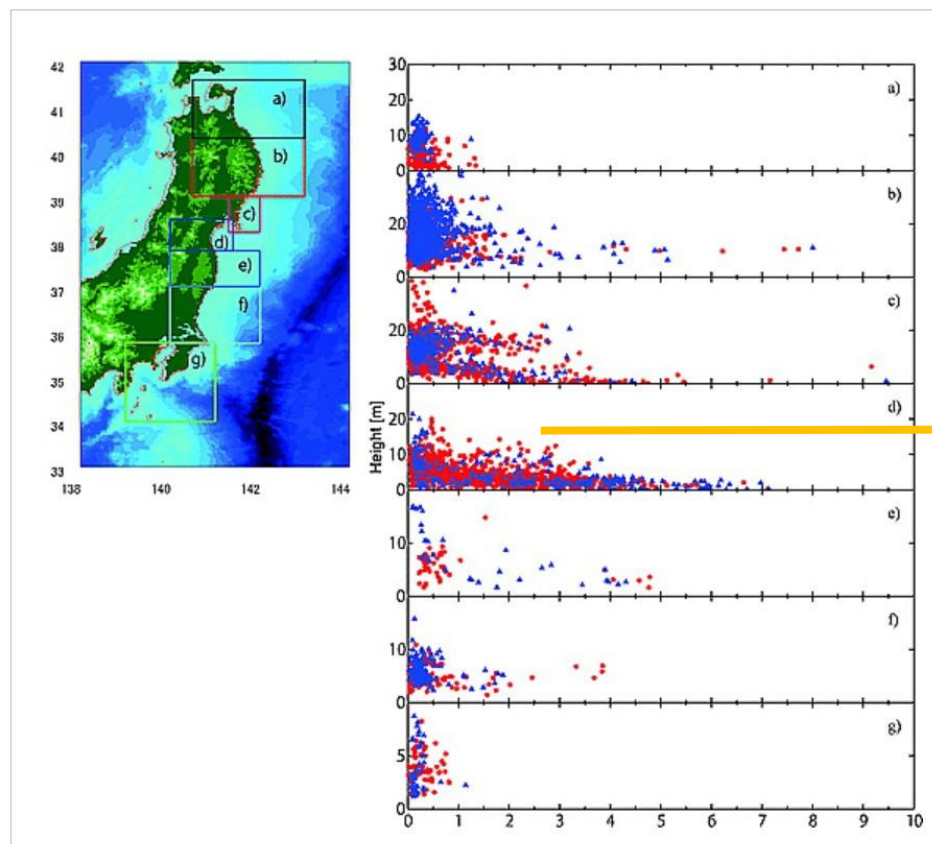


Figure 3

[Open in figure viewer](#) | [PowerPoint](#)

Regional analysis of local tsunami height and distance (circle: inundation height, triangle: run-up height). Area of analysis and inundation distance from coast line: (a) Hokkaido, (b) Iwate Prefecture, (c) North Miyagi Prefecture, (d) South Miyagi Prefecture, the Sendai Plain, (e) Fukushima Prefecture, (f) Ibaraki Prefecture, and (g) Chiba Prefecture.



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